

Adolescent Correlates of the Generalized Pliance Questionnaire — Children



Alison Stapleton & Louise McHugh, PhD; School of Psychology, University College Dublin

Highlights

- Findings support the convergent and discriminant validity of the GPQ-C.
- Generalized pliance is related to greater empathic concern.
- Generalized pliance related to greater capacity to enjoy interpersonal interactions.

Background

- Pliance refers to behavior under the control of socially-mediated consequences for a relation between the rule and behavior of interest¹.
- Females typically report greater generalized pliance than males, and generalized pliance is positively correlated with both psychological inflexibility and depression²⁻⁴.
- Despite the recent development of a selfreport measure of pliance which is suitable for use with adolescents (GPQ-C), a paucity of published research has examined adolescent correlates of generalized pliance^{4,5}.

The present study examined the relationships between generalized pliance, psychological inflexibility, affect, empathic concern and capacity to enjoy interpersonal interactions in a sample of adolescents.

Method

• **Participants:** 110 adolescents (female: 80, male: 30) aged 14-17 (*M* = 15.64, *SD* = .52).

Participants completed self-report measures of generalized pliance⁴, psychological inflexibility⁶, affect⁷, empathic concern⁸, & capacity to enjoy interpersonal interactions⁹ via Qualtrics.

Contact:

Alison Stapleton, School of Psychology, University College Dublin.



References:



Results

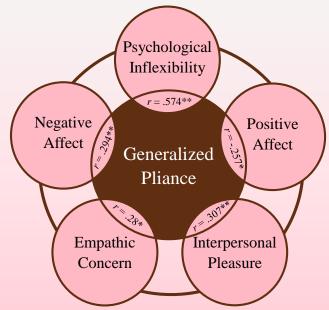


Figure 1. Diagrammatic representation of observed correlations. ** $p \le .001$, * $p \le .01$

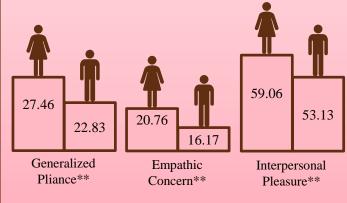


Figure 2. Diagrammatic representation of observed gender differences. ** $p \le .001$

Discussion

- Psychological inflexibility, negative affect, empathic concern & interpersonal pleasure positively correlated with generalized pliance. Positive affect negatively correlated with generalized pliance.
- Females reported greater generalized pliance, empathic concern and capacity to enjoy interpersonal interactions. No gender differences observed in inflexibility or affect.
- Longitudinal research is needed to examine the impact of females' greater generalized pliance over time.